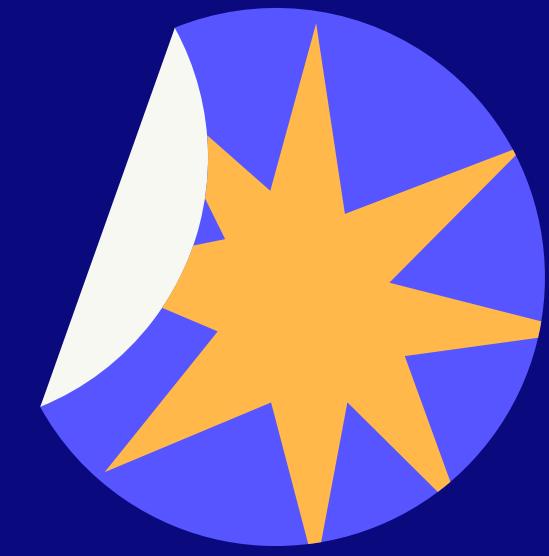




One Day One Genome



Staphylococcus sp. (NIBMG_HMR_29)

Isolated from a chronic diabetic wound

Exhibits significant antibiotic resistance and virulence

Genome sequencing will help in formulating novel therapies targeting chronic wound infections while addressing antibiotic resistance

TREATING
SKIN INFECTION

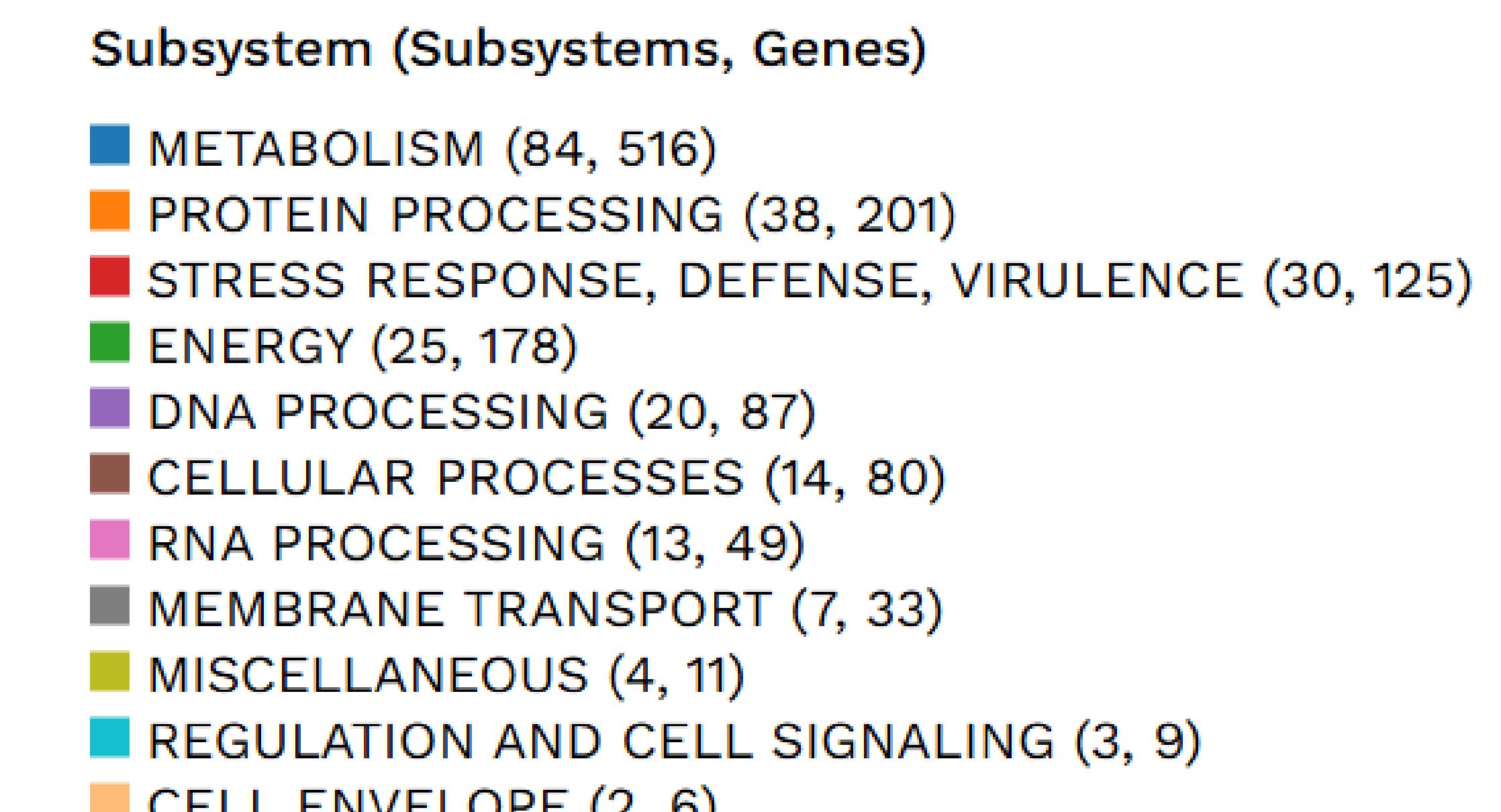


Quality of Genome Assembly and Annotation:Results from indigenously developed **BHARAT** analysis pipeline: (Bacterial Hybrid genome Assembly and Rapid Annotation Toolset)**Table 1: Assembly Details**

Contigs	32
GC Content	32.45
Contig L50	3
Genome length	2,730,316 bp
Contig N50	504,773

Table 2: Annotated Genome Features

CDS	2,641
tRNA	51
Repeat Regions	0
rRNA	4

Subsystem Analysis**Table 3: Antimicrobial Resistance Genes****AMR Mechanism**

Antibiotic resistance gene cluster, cassette, or operon

Genes

TcaA, TcaB, TcaB2, TcaR

Antibiotic target in susceptible species

Alr, Ddl, EF-G, EF-Tu, folA, Dfr, folP, gyrA, gyrB, inhA, fabI, Iso-tRNA, kasA, MurA, rho, rpoB, rpoC, S10p, S12p

Antibiotic target modifying enzyme

Erm(C)

Efflux pump conferring antibiotic resistance

NorA, YkkCD

Gene conferring resistance via absence

gidB

Protein altering cell wall charge conferring antibiotic resistance

GdpD, MprF, PgsA

Genome Assembly